JULY, 1784. THE NUMB. 2822.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 7, 1784.

Imported in the last veſſels from Europe, and to be ſold by

DONNALDSON & COXE,

at their STORE in Walnut, a few doors above Front-ſtreet, the following GOODS, which they will diſpoſe of by the package or piece,

IRISH linens,
Britannias, brown ſileſias,
Ruſſia ſheeting,
Bed tickins,
Second cloths,
Livery cloths,
Durants, moreens, tammies, callimancoes,
Shalloons, rattinets, camblets,
Fuſtians jeans, velvets, corduroys,
Worſted, cotton & thread hoſe,
Mens and youths felt hats,
Leghorn ditto,
7-8ths, yard wide, yard & 3-8ths linen and cotton checks,
Printed linens,
Chintzes and calicoes, French and Engliſh,
French & Engliſh ſewing ſilk,
French and Engliſh ribbons,
Fans, womens lamb and kid gloves and mitts,
Mens beaver ditto,
Scotch ſewing and ſtitching thread,
Ditto gauzes and kentings,
Cyprus gauzes,
Italian crapes, black gloves,
Hærlem tapes,
Gartering and bindings,
Reins, fringes and ſadule orris,
Metal and death-head buttons,
Striped duffils, ſtrouds,
Herring bone and bed lace,
Vermillion,
Gunpowder, beſt ſoft bar lead,
Shot of different ſizes,
Nails of all ſizes,
Braſs wire,
Writing paper, playing cards,
Pins of different ſizes,
German ſteel,
Brimſtone,
Dutch and Engliſh cordage,
Ruſſia and Holland duck,
Engliſh canvas,

Together with ſundry other MERCHANDIZE. tbctf.

Now opening, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, by

SAMUEL HOUSE,

In Cheſnut ſtreet, the third door above ſecond-ſtreet, and oppoſite Meſſieurs Marſhalls Drug-Store,---- -A large and general ASSORTMENT of

MERCHANDIZE,

Which he will diſpoſe of on the loweſt terms, for caſh, the notes of the Hon. Financier, or any other public ſecurities, conſiſting of the following articles, viz.

YARD wide and 7-8ths Iriſh linens, from 21d. to 10d. per yard, white and brown Iriſh ſheeting, double and ſingle folded white and brown Ruſſia ſheeting, cottons and calicoes of all patterns and prices, fine chintzes, mens and womens white and brown thread, cotton and ſilk hoſe; ſilk, lamb and kid gloves of all colours, jeans and fuſtians, yard wide, 7 8ths and apron width cotton and linen checks and ſtripes, cotton holland, broad and narrow bindings, ribbons and ferretting, Ruſſia diaper and dowlas, cotton counterpanes, 8. 9 and 10 qrs. muſlins and humhums of every kind, Barcelona handkerchiefs of all kinds and colours, ditto linen and kenting handkerchiefs, cravats, black and white ſattinets, florentines and prunella, everlaſtings and denims, ſtriped tickens, bed bunts, thread, No 8 to 40, pins and needles, rattinets, ſhalloons, durants, callimancoes, moreens, and tammies of all colours, white and brown buckrams, heſſins and crocus, paduaſoys and mantuas of all colours, ell-wide and half-yard perſians and ſarſnets, modes and tiffany, Ruſſia drilling, white and brown, ſagathies, Marſeilles quilting for ladies and gentlemen, ſilk laces, Dutch tape and laces, bobbins and twiſt, Drawboys elegant embroidered waiſtcoat patterns, with a large aſſortment of ſuperfine broadcloths and caſſimers of all colours, with buttons and ſuitable trimmings, a large aſſortment of faſhionable fans, India nankeens, ladies elegant ſilk ſhoes, with a general aſſortment of millenary.

He is enabled to ſell the above goods on ſuch low terms as he flatters himſelf will give general ſatisfaction to thoſe ladies and gentlemen who will be pleaſed to favor him with their cuſtom.

Philadelphia, July 7, 1784. c 1 m.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On SATURDAY, the 17th inſtant, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of JOSEPH RUSH, Eſq; the ſign of the Red-Lion, near Callow-Hill, Market-ſtreet,

A NUMBER of LOTS of GROUND in the Northern Liberties, ſituated on Third, Coats's, Saint John's and Brown-ſtreets. Plans of which will be left one week previous to the ſale, at the Coffee Houſe, at A. Boyd and J. Bayard's Vendue Store, and at the place of ſale.

One third of the purchaſe money to be paid down, and the remaining two thirds in ſix months, with ſecurity.

A. BOYD and J. BAYARD, Auctioneers.

Philadelphia, July 5. 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

Or exchanged for a HOUSE in town, by MICHAEL MANEY, living in Campington, Third-ſtreet, continued.

A SMALL FARM of LAND, with a good title, ſituate in the townſhip of Mannington, Salem county, and ſtate of New-Jerſey, within two miles of Hog's bridge, and adjacent to the great road leading between Salem and Penn's Neck, containing 50 acres, 14 of which is good upland meadow, 15 plough ground, a fruit orchard, and the reſt good woodland; on ſaid place is erected a good log houſe, 18 feet by 24, a good draw well near the door, a ſmoke-houſe, barn, and ſtabling for 12 or 14 horſes. It would be a very ſuitable place for a ſhopkeeper or a ſmith, being ſo public. ¶

Cumberland County, July 2, 1784.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, That application will be made to the Legiſlature of this State at their next ſitting, at New-Brunſwick, the 5th of Auguſt next, for leave to bring in a bill to be enacted into a law, to authoriſe the ſubſcribers to build a wharff and ſtore-houſe on the public ground at Greenwich landing, they having the uſe thereof 20 years for their trouble and expence for building the ſame. All perſons concerned are requeſted to make their objections at ſaid time and place, if any they have.

DANIEL MASKELL,
¶ JOEL FITHIAN.

About 5 weeks ago, Two Shirts and ſix Stocks were left in the hands of MARGARET CONRAD to be waſhed, and have not ſince been called for. The owner, proving property, and paying charges, may have them again, by applying at the houſe of PETER MORRISON, next door but one to the Roman Chapel, in Fourth-ſtreet.

June 28, 1784. ¶

City Vendue-Store.

THE CITY AUCTIONEERS having found from Experience, many Inconveniences ariſing from MONDAY being a fixed Day for Sales at the Store.

Their FRIENDS and the PUBLIC will therefore be pleaſed to obſerve, that in future, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS will be the fixed Days for SALES at the Store, and every MARKET-DAY (as uſual) at the COFFEE-HOUSE.

The Sale of HOUSHOLD FURNITURE will commence at Nine o'Clock in the Morning, and DRY GOODS immediately after.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

At the CITY VENDUE STORE,

At TEN o'CLOCK,

On FRIDAY next,

Will begin the SALE of

An aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR. & Co. Auctioneers.

Southwark Vendue Store.

THE Auctioneer for SOUTHWARK, being of opinion that it will be more conducive to the intereſt of his employers; alſo more correſpondent to the wiſhes, and better ſuit the conveniency of purchaſers, to hold his days of ſale in future on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, in every week, requeſts the public to take notice, that he will not hold any ſale on Saturday next, at his Auction Store, but that on

THURSDAY and MONDAY next,

Will be ſold there, a variety of MERCHANDIZE, HOUSHOLD FURNITURE, WEARING APPAREL, &c. &c. The ſales to commence on each day at half paſt 9 o'clock, for Goods out of doors, and be immediately ſucceeded by ſales of thoſe within.

Monday, July 5, 1784. JOHN MEASE, Auctioneer.

Philadelphia, July 1, 1784.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to SALE, by public Vendue, at the Coffee-Houſe, on SATURDAY, the 10th inſtant, at 7 o'clock in the evening, a yearly rent charge of ten Spaniſh piſtoles, iſſuing out of three lots of ground, now in the tenure of Michael Kraft, tanner, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, continued, in the Northern-Liberties, between taken in execution as the property of John Kearſley, the younger, late deceaſed, by

THOMAS PROCTOR, Sheriff.

Cheſter Church, Queen Ann's county, Maryland, June 25.

NINE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on the night of the 24th inſt. two Iriſh ſervants, MICHAEL KELLY and JOHN CARTER. Kelly is about 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, broad face, little pock marked, ſhort black hair, ſpeaks very good Engliſh, plain and diſtinct, looks very earneſt into any perſon's face he converſes with; had on a blue cloth jacket, check ſhirt, brown linen trowſers, ſhoes, ſtockings, and an old hat. Said Kelly is about 30 or 35 years of age, of a fair complexion. Carter nearly as high as Kelly, and of a brown ſwarthy complexion, ſhort black hair, very much pock marked, ſpeaks very good Engliſh, and middling ſmart; had on a brown ragged jacket, check ſhirt, linen trowſers, ſhoes, ſtockings, and old hat. Said Carter is about 20 or 21 years of age. Whoever takes up ſaid runaways, and ſecures them in any goal, and will give information to the ſubſcriber, or bring them home, ſhall have the above reward (including what the law allows) paid by

¶ JAMES M'CABE.

WHEREAS THOMAS GRIFFITH, ſon of THOMAS GRIFFITH, of Briſtol townſhip, Philadelphia county, and State of Pennſylvania, being abſent, is hereby deſired to come to the ſaid townſhip, where he ſhall hear of ſomething to his advantage. *July 3, 1784.* ¶

CAME to the ſubſcriber's plantation, on the 28 inſt. living in Lower Merion townſhip, Philadelphia county, a cheſnut brown HORSE, about 15 hands high, with a baid face. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. July 7. ¶ MICHAEL SMITH.

To be SOLD by public Sale,

On the premiſes, on SATURDAY, the 17th day of July next, between the hours of one and ſeven o'Clock in the afternoon,

A SMALL PLANTATION and Tract of LAND, ſituate on Hereford road, leading to Newtown Square, in Radnor townſhip, Cheſter county, about 12 miles from Philadelphia, adjoining lands of David Lewis, John Jones, and others, containing 30 acres, 6 acres of which is good watered meadow, and about 8 acres of woodland, a good ſtone houſe and kitchen, 2 young thriving orchards, a ſmall frame barn and ſtables; it is a good ſtand for a ſtore or tavern. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſaid premiſes before the day of ſale, may know the terms, by applying to DAVID JONES, in Radnor aforeſaid, or to AQUILLA EVANS, living near the corner of Second and Spruce-ſtreets, Philadelphia. † *June 24 1784.*

Philadelphia, June 15, 1784.

BY virtue of a Precept from the Truſtee of the General Loan Office, for the ſtate of Pennſylvania, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale by public vendue, on Saturday the 17th of July next, at ſeven o'clock in the evening, a certain two ſtory brick meſſuage or tenement, one brick kitchen, one frame kitchen, and one two ſtory frame ſtable, and piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the north ſide of Cheſnut-ſtreet, between the Third and Fourth-ſtreets from Delaware, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth on Cheſnut-ſtreet aforeſaid, 22 feet and 6 inches, and in length or depth 178 feet or thereabouts, bounded on the eaſt partly by a lot belonging to the eſtate of George Plim, deceaſed, partly by the widow Morgan, and partly by the eſtate of Mary Andrews, deceaſed; on the ſouth by Cheſnut ſtreet aforeſaid, on the weſt by other part of a great lot, whereof this was part, then of Tench Francis (now the Bank of North-America) and on the north by the back end of a High-ſtreet lot, then of James Hamilton, Eſq; with the appurtenances, late the eſtate of George Plim, deceaſed, and to be ſold by

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

LONDON.

April 23. The letters brought in the East India packet from the Cape of Good Hope mention, that the ſhips of Commodore King's ſquadron would not take their departure for Europe till the other detachment under Commodore Bickerton ſhould arrive there, many of the ſhips being in want of articles which they expected to receive by the ſhips from Bombay, particularly top-maſts, yards, and ſails, which ſome of the ſhips had loſt in coming round from Madraſs, and without which it would be dangerous to undertake the voyage. They had the more reaſon to expect a ſupply, as a Portugueſe ſhip, bound for Goa, had undertaken to ſend an account to the Britiſh commander at Bombay of the diſtreſs of the ſquadron in theſe particulars. It was probable that Sir R. Bickerton might diſpatch a ſtoreſhip with theſe articles from Bombay even before he took his departure.

The accounts that have been publiſhed of the puſillanimity of Tippoo Saib but ill agree with the former diſpatches from the Eaſt Indies, which repreſent that Chief inclined to continue the war with the Engliſh, though deſerted by the French, and every one of the Aſiatic Princes. He has publiſhed a manifeſto, that now is the time to curtail the power of all European plunderers, who only ſolicit peace to begin a new war with recruited finances; and he concludes this manifeſto with calling on the native Princes to reſcue themſelves from the moſt humiliating ſlavery, and their country from oppreſſion.

The government in America is far from being compleatly ſettled, as there is a difference in ſentiment what power to lodge in the Congreſs; an addition to the preſent being thought abſolutely neceſſary, but the jealouſy of the Northern States will not let them comply with the deſire of the Southern ones, in extending their power to what they conceive to be neceſſary to maintain good government. Several individuals have formed themſelves into trading companies, and are ſending out ſhips to every part of the world, three large veſſels being nearly ready to ſail for the Eaſt Indies; and there was a talk of a factor being ſent out by authority, to endeavour to negociate for an eſtabliſhed factory at ſome of the Aſiatic ports.

A letter from Liſbon mentions an account being received there from Salvaterra, that they have had two ſhocks of an earthquake there; the laſt was ſo violent that it threw down ſeveral chimnies, which beat in the tops of the houſes, and ſome perſons were killed; that the tremblings of the earth had not quite ceaſed when the account came away.

A letter from Breſt, dated April 8, ſays that the ſhips which are deſigned to join the Spaniſh fleet going to bombard Algiers, are now ready for ſea, except taking in their proviſions, and will ſail in a few days: They are to take in a regiment of ſoldiers, with ſome heavy artillery, on board.

Extract of a letter from Paris, April 13.

"The Comte de Graſſe arrived in this city from L'Orient this day, amidſt great acclamations, an end having been put to the enquiry into the cauſe of the diſaſters on the 12th of April, 1782. The report of the Court Martial we underſtand to be favourable to all the Officers employed on that day; and the conduct of the Captains Marbœuf de la Clocheteries, Dames, Eſterine, and two others, have been much applauded for ſaving their ſhips, the Elizabeth, St. Eſprit, Rolande, Amerque, &c. when the enemy, under Admiral Hood, purſued them through the Mona Paſſage, when the Caton of 64 and the Jaſon of 64 guns, both now in the Engliſh ſervice, were taken by the detachment under command of that Engliſh Admiral. The Dutch Commiſſioners viſit almoſt daily at the Engliſh Ambaſſador's hotel, from which ſomething is ſuppoſed to be on the carpet."

By the Dutch mail of yeſterday, we have intelligence of the death of the Elector of Cologne. This event happened at Bonn, on March 17th. Maximilian Frederick de Konigſegg Rothenfels was born May 13, 1708; choſen Archbiſhop of Cologne, April 6, 1761; and choſen Prince Biſhop of Munſter, Sept. 16. 1762.

April 24. At five o'clock yeſterday afternoon, the poll for the election of two Knights of the Shire for the county of Middleſex was finally cloſed, when the numbers were declared by the Sheriff to ſtand as follow, viz.

For W. Mainwaring, Eſq.	2117
John Wilkes, Eſq.	1858
George Byng, Eſq.	1787
Majority for Mainwaring	330
Ditto for Mr. Wilkes	71

After which a ſcrutiny was demanded by Mr. Byng, and ſix or ſeven of his friends, which was allowed by the Sheriff, and the County Court was thereupon adjourned to Friday next at ſix o'clock in the evening, to the Sheriff's office in Took's Court, Curſitor-ſtreet, Chancery-lane, then and there to proceed on the ſaid ſcrutiny.

The loan will be privately ſettled, and be ready to be laid before the Parliament as ſoon as it meets. The ſum to be borrowed is ſeven or eight millions; beſides which, ten millions of Navy bills will be converted into ſtock, and three millions more Exchequer bills iſſued out.

April 26. Friday one of the Lord Lieutenant's Aid du Camps arrived in town from Dublin. The intelligence he brought over was doubtleſs of a very particular nature, for he came poſt-haſte; a council was directly ſummoned at the Secretary of State's office, Cleveland-row, which ſat till one o'clock. The reſult of their deliberation was reported to the King at St. James's by Mr. Pitt.

Extract of a letter from Malta, March 1.

"A ſquadron is fitting out here by order of the Grand Maſter, under the command of the Chevalier Thomaſin, to join the Venetian ſquadron, and undertake, in concert, an expedition againſt the Regency of Tunis; after which theſe two ſquadrons are to form a junction with the Spaniſh fleet to attack Algiers.

"The cauſe of the quarrel between the Order of Malta and the Tuniſians, is as follows:

"In the beginning of laſt year, ſome Tuniſian merchants freighted and loaded, in the port of Alexandria, a Venetian ſhip, to carry them to Tunis; as ſoon as they arrived there, the Bey, being informed that a ſickneſs prevailed on board of the ſaid ſhip, ſent them orders to put to ſea again without delay: The Captain ſailed for our iſland, our port being the neareſt to the coaſt of Barbary. The Grand Maſter having given a ſafe aſylum to the crew, ordered the ſhip to be ſet on fire, which was burnt with the whole cargo. As ſoon as this news reached Tunis, the Bey required of the Venetian Conſul 14 000 ducats, being the value of the merchandiſe deſtroyed. The latter made anſwer, "that as the Republic had not ordered the ſhip to be deſtroyed, it could not be condemned to indemnify the proprietors of the cargo; that the Venetians had moſt reaſon to complain, as they loſt their ſhip." He added, "that if the Bey had not ſent away the Captain, the thing would not have happened." In ſhort, after many

debates, the Republic, willing to terminate the whole amicably, ſent to Tunis Captain Guerini, with a 74 gun ſhip, a frigate and a xebec under his command; but he could effect nothing, although he offered to the amount of 4000 ſequins: The Bey rejected the whole, and declared war againſt the Republic. This reſolution obliged the Venetian commander to take on board the Conſul of his nation, and return home. It is in conſequence of this, that the Senate has fitted out in haſte 15 ſhips of war, which, joined to thoſe of Captain Guerini, and commanded by the Chevalier Emo, have orders to demand a reaſon for the unjuſt pretenſions of the Bey of Tunis."

The Court of Portugal have iſſued a Proclamation, emancipating all the ſlaves in their different and extenſive ſettlements on the coaſt of Africa.

Extract of a letter from Dumfries, April 20.

"Friday the 16th, at Stonehaven, the Right Hon. Lieut Gen. Lord Adam Gordon was unanimouſly re-elected Member of Parliament for the ſhire of Kincardine; upon that occaſion, Sir Alexander Ramſay, Bart. as Preſes of the meeting, made the following addreſs to his Lordſhip:

"My Lord Adam Gordon,

"I think myſelf happy in being officially the perſon appointed by this meeting of Freeholders, to return your Lordſhip thanks for your ſervices in Parliament, during all the time you have repreſented us, and to expreſs our higheſt approbation of your conduct."

To which his Lordſhip made anſwer,

"Gentlemen,

"I am highly ſenſible of the honor you have done me this day, in your re-election of me to repreſent you in Parliament; and I am convinced the moſt acceptable return I can make you, is, to perſevere in that line of conduct which has hitherto fortunately procured me your approbation, by a conſcious diſcharge of my duty, and by giving all the ſupport in my power to every meaſure which has a tendency to preſerve undiminiſhed our preſent happy conſtitution as by law eſtabliſhed, in the King, the Lords, and the Commons."

It is reported that an illuſtrious young perſonage, now in Hanover, has conceived a violent paſſion for a lady whom he ſaw at one of the petty courts on the borders of the Electorate. She is a Princeſs, it is true; but her father's Principality does not produce a greater revenue than many of our untitled country gentlemen in England ſpend every year, without any great eclat. This circumſtance, however, is ſaid not to weigh with her royal admirer, who ſays, that being himſelf poſſeſſed of a Principality, which, without any addition from his father and his native country, will ſuffice to keep an elegant if not a ſplendid court, he cannot give up the idea of poſſeſſing her, whom he ſo ardently loves. This affair has occaſioned great uneaſineſs at B---------m Houſe. The father and mother of the gentleman were applied to; but the anſwer to the application was much ſharper than was expected; it contained the moſt poſitive injunction to think no more of his *idle* and *fooliſh* paſſion. He was deſired to read attentively the act of Parliament which paſſed when the two royal brothers declared their marriages (a copy of which was ſent to him) and it was recommended to him to conſider well with himſelf, whether he would, for a tranſient paſſion, renounce for his poſterity, the eventual ſucceſſion to a Crown. The Lords of the Regency have received directions to ſee that all communication between Herenhauſen and the Court of A---, B--- be completely cut off.

Extract of a letter from Bruſſels, April 17.

"Theſe are diſaſtrous times for eccleſiaſtical foundations; eight Priories and Convents have had the Emperor's ſentence of reform, or rather annihilation, pronounced! Thoſe of Groemondael and Rouge Cloître have already met their fate, though both very rich. When it was known that the Commiſſioners were come to put their orders into execution, 200 peaſants not only plundered all the furniture they could come at, but drove off the cattle and live ſtock for their own emolument. Nor are affairs in Holland at preſent on a very ſolid foundation."

At the cloſe of the Poll this day for the city of Weſtminſter, the numbers ſtood as follow,

For Lord Hood	-	-	6429
Sir Cecil Wray	-	-	5777
Mr. Fox	-	-	5750

A letter from Edinburgh ſays, that according to accounts from ſeveral parts of Scotland there has been much rioting and diſturbances at elections in different places; ſome lives have been loſt, and many perſons wounded.

A letter from Leghorn ſays, that the Mediterranean ſtill ſwarms with piratical veſſels, which greatly obſtruct the Levant trade, and that the States of Barbary are ſending out more; they are full of men, and carry very heavy metal.

By a private letter from French Flanders, we have the following ſingular, yet true circumſtance:------In a monaſtery near Ailworth, a monk, being tired of his confinement, endeavoured to get releaſed, but finding he could not, was exaſperated to ſuch a degree as to threaten to burn that place down, of which the Prior being informed, confined him in a cell, which was ſo ſmall that he could ſcarce lie down or turn himſelf round, where he was fed on bread and water for the ſpace of 36 years; and when he grew weak and ſick, they took him out and adminiſtered nouriſhment and cordials until he was recovered, when he was ſent back again to his former habitation. A lady who lived near, happened to hear the groans of ſome human being, upon which ſhe ſent to the monaſtery, and enquired into the reaſon, and was told the above; then ſhe interceded for his releaſement, but the relentleſs father would not comply, on which ſhe ſent to the Parliament at Paris, repreſenting his caſe, who ſent an order for his being releaſed. When he was almoſt gone, on being aſked, how long he had been confined, he replied an hundred years; they ſhewed him an Almanack, and aſked him, if he could explain it? which he did; by which and ſeveral queſtions aſked him, it was calculated that he had been confined in that dark dungeon as long as the aforementioned time.

BOMBAY, *November* 30. 1783.

Extract of News from India, received at Buſſora, Feb. 8, 1784.

COMMODORE King left Madras the 2d October laſt, with nine ſhips of the line and three frigates, for England. The Gibraltar and Burford will leave this place for England, about the 15th of December. The Monmouth and Iſis will follow ſome time in January. The Superb was loſt in Tillecherry Road the 5th inſtant; only one or two people loſt. Sir Edward Hughes arrived here in the Juno frigate the 23d inſtant. I believe he intends hoiſting his flag on board the Sultan. The Defence and Monmouth are now in dock, the former was to have been ſent to England, had not the Superb been loſt, but now ſhe will remain in India. The ſhips which are to remain, are the Sultan and Defence of 74, Eagle and Worceſter of 64, and Briſtol of 50 guns, with the Active and Juno frigates of 32 guns, and Lizard cutter of 18 guns. The tranſports or ſtore-ſhips will be ſold, and Sir Edward is to remain until relieved from home, as the Cato, Sir Hyde Parker, has not made her appearance, nor ever will, I believe.

Whether Tippoo Saib means to make peace or not, is not yet known. The Marattas have wrote us, that Scindia has wrote Tippoo, that if he does not comply with the ninth article of the treaty, by evacuating the Carnatic, and giving up all the ſorts he is in poſſeſſion of in the Carnatic, that the Marattas will join the Engliſh, and not make peace again with him. I think if ſuch a letter reaches him, he will not think of continuing the war. We have a very large army down the coaſt; and Col. Fullarton was the beginning of this month within one mile of Pillicotta Cherry, with 1700 Europeans, 17 battalions of ſeapoys, and 60 guns. General Macleod commands on this coaſt, and the large force which has been ſent to Tillecherry, has been ſent in caſe he does not comply with the articles agreed upon when the ceſſation of hoſtilities took place the 2d of Auguſt laſt, which was to provide a Buzzar to ſupply our garriſon in Mangalore with all kinds of grain, ſuch as the country produced, amply, and at the uſual prices, and to permit of ſuch articles as the country did not afford to be brought by ſea. This article he has not complied with fully, either on ſhore or from without, and but with very little grain, which is every thing with our ſeapoys, ſo that our garriſon may be obliged to ſurrender the fort for want of proviſions, if he will perſiſt in this conduct. Gen. Macleod means to force a landing of the forces lately ſent, and relieve the Fort of Mangalore; this buſineſs muſt have been determined on, and decided four or five days paſt, but I hope he has not perſiſted in with-holding the ſupply of proviſions, and that we ſhall ſhortly hear he has made a peace. The Committee at Madras have diſmiſſed Gen. Stuart the ſervice, and ſent him home in a ſmall ſhip, the Fortitude, to England. She left Madras the 16th of October, and Col. Lang is appointed by them to be Lieut. Gen. on the Coaſt, and to the command of the army.

Bombay, Dec. 10. By a letter from General Macleod, dated the 28th ult. off Mangalore, he informs us that Tippoo Saib has at laſt permitted a ſupply of proviſions to be thrown into Mangalore, that the formidable appearance of ſo many ſhips and troops, all prepared to land in boats, had brought him to, ſo that many lives are ſaved, and I hope that he will make peace ſhortly. It is ſaid Mr. Sadler is arrived at Seringapatam, and a Mr. Stanton, private Secretary to Lord Macartney, to treat with Tippoo, but what will be the upſhot I know not, as it is wrote from Madras that the Governor-General, &c. have ſent them orders to continue the ceſſation of hoſtilities, but not to ſtir in any thing elſe, ſo that I ſuppoſe they mean to depute Agents from Calcutta to treat with Tippoo Saib.

Angengo, Oct. 13. Colonel Fullarton is at preſent at Darrapatam at the head of a very powerful army, and a Madras corps of Europeans, with all Burgoyne's mounted, on their way to reinforce him. He will there wait the iſſue of negociation for peace between the Committee at Madras and Tippoo Saib. General Stuart is diſmiſſed the Company's ſervice for diſobedience of orders from that government. He is denied the uſe of pen and ink; what are the motives for ſuch unuſual ſeverity is a profound ſecret, and a myſtery which time alone can develope. Colonel Lang is created by the Committee a Lieut. Gen. and Com. in Chief of the Company's forces on the coaſt. Burgoyne, Commander in Chief of the King's. Yeſterday 5 ſhips of the line paſſed Angengo to Mangalore with 700 Europeans on board, for the relief of that place. Other letters ſpeak of the very gallant defence of Major Campbell and the garriſon of Mangalore. It is ſaid, that the Madras army before Cuddalore was in a very critical ſituation, and that even its retreat was very doubtful, had not the opportune arrival of advices from England, through Buſſora, of the ſigning of the preliminaries of peace, which were ſent out, not by government, but by Mr. Wraxall, cauſed a ceſſation of hoſtilities at that momentous juncture; it is alſo mentioned, that the French troops had ſeparated from Tippoo Saib and retired to Mahie, that the Supreme Council had peremptorily ordered Lord Macartney to break the agreement made with the Nabob of Arcot for giving up the collection of the revenues of the Carnatic to the Company, but that Lord Macartney had refuſed to obey the order; that it was expected the Supreme Council would ſuſpend him for this diſobedience, but that it was uncertain whether Lord Macartney would ſubmit to the ſuſpenſion.

April 27. The Succeſs, Capt. J. Harris, bound for Whitehaven and Liverpool, left Rappahannock river, Virginia, the 4th of January, and in eleven days had run half her diſtance, when ſhe met with very hard weather, and ſtrong gales from the N. E. to the S. E. which continued for many days. On the 29th of February, being then lying-to in lat. 51, on the edge of ſoundings, in a violent ſtorm, both her maſts were carried away; the foremaſt cloſe by the board, and the mainmaſt 13 feet above the deck. The danger ſhe was thrown into by this accident was rendered ſtill greater by her remaining three hours entangled with the wreck. It was at length cleared away, but the ſtorm continued ſo violent, that they were not able to rig the jib-boom, to ſerve as a jury foremaſt, till the 4th of March. On the 9th, they rigged a ſpare topmaſt, to ſupply the place of a mainmaſt, and in this condition they were toſſed about (having twice made the Iriſh land, but were blown off) till the 31ſt of March, when they fell in with his Majeſty's frigate Venus, Captain Hudſon, who took them in tow, and on the ſame day carried them ſafe into Loughſwilly, in Ireland. The conduct of Captain Hudſon, his officers and crew, on this occaſion, was ſuch as does them honour, and entitles them to a public acknowledgment. The Succeſs, notwithſtanding this tempeſtuous paſſage, kept very tight, and allowing for the fatigue which muſt neceſſarily have attended it, the crew were all well on the 2d inſtant, when the letter containing this information was written. The veſſel is chiefly loaden with tobacco, and it is expected will be nearly refitted at this time.

April, 28. Upwards of eleven thouſand perſons were entertained at Coventry by the different candidates on the late election. The Coming in (in the new phraſe) we hear will not coſt leſs than 16,000l.

Europe begins again to ſtand ſtill to gaze at Great Britain, and her remaining connections and dependencies; to ſee what turn things will take in Ireland. and what part we ſhall take in the affairs of that perturbed kingdom, half dependent and half independent on England.

April 30. The accounts from Bengal which have been ſo induſtriouſly concealed, contain all that the prophetic ſpirit of Mr. Fox declared would happen. To the ſcenes of general outrage and miſery, the decay and depopulation of the mighty empire at Hindoſtan, are to be added the hoſtilities which exiſt in our own Councils. The Supreme Council of Bengal is in a ſtate of abſolute warfare, and Mr. Haſtings declares, that the oppoſition which he now meets with in every meaſure, is more irkſome to him even than the ſtruggle which he had with Mr. Francis.

May 3. Letters from Paris ſay, that a regular phyſician, M. Meſner, has lately pretended to cure a variety of chronic and acute diſorders by the application of magnets; and that public infatuation in his favour is ſo great, that he has already got above 500 pupils, at 100 louis each, to whom he is, in due time, to communicate his extraordinary method of practice.

At the cloſe of the poll this day for the city of Weſtminſter, the numbers were,

For Lord Hood	6574
Mr. Fox	6016
Sir Cecil Wray	5902

If a diſpoſition to coaleſce with any man, or ſet of men, be patriotiſm, the firſt patriot in the kingdom is, no doubt, *he* who coaleſced with *Lord Shelburne* againſt *Lord North*: He who coaleſced with *Lord North* againſt *Lord Shelburne*; and He who, rather than be excluded wholly from power, would coaleſce with Mr. *Pitt*, and leave *Lord North* to ſhift for himſelf.

The laſt foreign mail brought the important news of a revolution in one of the northern kingdoms, which when confirmed will be very advantageous to this realm. Too untimely injured innocence will then ſhine — O fair Matilda yet much lamented!

It is notorious that the Duke of Rutland accepted his preſent high ſtation upon the moſt open and generous principles — determined upon the eſteem and applauſe of the people of Ireland, his grace would not be preſcribed to narrow ſyſtems. His good intentions, however, are at the preſent moment in great danger of being ſubverted; the odious bill for reſtricting the liberty of the preſs being alone ſufficient to ſhadow all his virtues.

Mr. Ord finds the people of Ireland by no means ſo tractable and credulous as he was inſtructed. He has received ſeveray hard knocks in the houſe of commons, and dreads nothing ſo much as the return of that old parliamentary bruiſer, Mr. Flood, who is hourly expected in Dublin.

The Prince of Liege, All, from London to Philadelphia, put into Fyall the 22d of March in diſtreſs.

At the cloſe of the poll for Briſtol on Saturday the numbers were, for

Mr. Brickdale	3100
——Cruger	2727
—— Daubeny	2708
——Peach	325

B E L F A S T.

IRISH HOUSE of COMMONS,

Saturday April 24.

Alderman *Warren* ſaid that the number of emigrants was ſo great as called loudly for the attention of Parliament; there were now three ſhips in the Harbour, and each of them had upwards of 300 paſſengers on board: He had ſeen them and found them very decent orderly people, moſtly from Wexford and Kilkenny, who declared they would be happy to ſtay at home if they had the means to live.---He mentioned this, in hopes Adminiſtration would do ſomething for the wretched people of this country during the receſs.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, dated April 24.

"Yeſterday being public Quarter Aſſembly, the freedom of the city was unanimouſly voted to your friend W. T. Jones for his ſpirited exertions in favour of the rights and privileges of the people, particularly evinced by his ſupport of a more equal repreſentation in Parliament---the protection of the manufactures of Ireland, the freedom of the Preſs, and the liberty of the ſubject---now rendered very precarious, by means of an inquiſitorial power eſtabliſhed by the tools of corruption.

"Several of the Guilds had agreed upon and abſolutely inſtructed their repreſentatives to oppoſe the freedom of the city being granted to the Lord Lieutenant or his Secretary, (among the reſt the Guild of Merchants who compoſe a body of upwards of 600, were unanimous) but the debates which were expected to have been very warm on the occaſion, were prevented by the virtue of the Corporation itſelf; for to their immortal honour be it mentioned, that, although it has been cuſtomary time immemorial to grant it to every chief Governor and his Secretary, there could not be found a ſingle man, either Alderman or Common Council, ſo egregiouſly corrupt as to propoſe it, nay, even the Aldermen would not ſuffer it to appear;--In ſuch a light is his Grace of Rutland conſidered by the Citizens of Dublin!---And to conclude the buſineſs a reſolution was entered into, with two diſſenting voices---one of them the proprietor of a court paper, a crack'd brain Attorney, the other a noted profligate, that for the future no freedom ſhall be granted to the preſent or any future *Lord Lieutenant* or his *Secretary*, until ſuch times as they prove themſelves, by their public conduct, friends to the rights of Iriſhmen.---Several very ſpirited reſolutions were likewiſe entered into, which obtained the unanimous concurrence of both houſes."

The cabinet of this kingdom is deliberating ſomething of the firſt moment at preſent---The aſſiſtance of every confidential perſon is required.

Laſt Thurſday night an expreſs arrived at Hillſborough, and early on Friday morning Lord Hillſborough ſet off poſt for Dublin; which city it was not his intention to have viſited for ſome weeks.----The reſult may probably be known in the courſe of the week.

Saturday laſt the inhabitants of this town met, and unanimouſly agreed, that from and after the firſt of June next no ſubſcriber to an aſſociation then formed ſhall wear any articles of Engliſh manufacture, &c. until efficient protecting duties are obtained for our manufactures:----A committee was formed to take ſignatures to the aſſociation, to wait upon the Ladies of this town to requeſt their concurrence, and to ſeal the ſeveral articles of Engliſh manufacture now on hand, or which have been ordered previous to the day of meeting; which Committee are empowered to enquire into all matters relative to this aſſociation, to exact affidavits from the ſeveral importers and retailers, that they do not ſell Engliſh under the denomination of Iriſh goods, &c.----A reſolution to perſiſt in the demand of a Parliamentary Reform, ſimilar to that agreed to at the Dublin aggregate meeting, was alſo adopted---and in ſhort, the ſpirit of all the aggregate reſolutions was adopted except that part which ſpeaks to the late flagrant infringement on the liberty of the Preſs.

The High Sheriff of the County of Dublin, at the requiſition of a number of Freeholders, has ſummoned a meeting of the County to be held the 30th inſt. for the expreſs purpoſe of taking into conſideration the alarming bill for deſtroying the Liberty of Preſs, which the ſubſcribing freeholders conceive to be "pregnant with the moſt alarming circumſtances againſt the freemen of Ireland."--Similar proceedings ſhould be adopted by every County in the kingdom, to ſhew that we are not altogether inſenſible to the multiplied wrongs which (inſtead of redreſs and reform) are daily heaped upon us by our abandoned *Parliament*.

A Correſpondent expreſſes his aſtoniſhment that the entire North of Ireland (except the ſpirited Reform Club of Newtownnards) is ſilent upon the moſt dangerous ſtep that has been yet taken by a venal S---e to rivet our chains for ever, the paſſing a law to deſtroy the liberty of the Preſs.---It is a conſolation, however, that upon this occaſion, the province of Leinſter is ſtanding forward with unuſual boldneſs, and in Language the moſt deciſive reprobating the daring outrage. As this diabolical act is of all others with which we have been inſulted the moſt dangerous and intolerable, a general determination to reſiſt its operation is expected from every county, pariſh, and diſtrict in the kingdom, where the name of *freedom* is yet held ſacred.

NEW-YORK, July 1.

Yeſterday arrived in this harbour, the ſloop Harriot, Captain Munro, from the Cape of Good Hope, in 65 days; owner, Iſaac Sears, Eſquire, Merchant in this city; as yet we have not been able to learn any news by this veſſel, nor any ſpecial occurrences in this remarkable ſhort voyage.

The Governor Harriſon, Williamſon, from London for Virginia, is put into Madeira.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Canada, to his friend in this city, dated June 14, 1784.

"Our General Haldimand is one of the moſt curious old women you ever heard of; in conſequence of a tale told him by a Captain Mure, who was inſulted in New-York laſt fall, he has refuſed to deliver up Machilemakinac, has ſent Governor Hayes to re-command Detroit, and refuſes paſſes to all who apply for them to come over the lakes to Albany or York: He is certainly doing wrong; when every animoſity ſhould be buried in oblivion, to rake up to the aſhes of diſſention does not become a general.

Every Canadian languiſhes to be out of the Engliſh government; but their puſillanimity makes them, Spaniel like, kiſs the rod that ſcourges them.

"Every Iriſhman in Canada wiſhes to have a hand in the preſent tranſactions at home, moſt of the Scotchmen here have long been diſaffected. Buſineſs is dead. Bankrupts daily croud the Gazette, and what will become of us here we know not; the General ſays, as "he hopes to be d----n'd" (a common phraſe with him) he will make all Canada tremble at him; our Loyaliſts are all departing for Cataraqui, &c. In a little time I ſhall be able to give you a particular account of every occurrence here; till when, I am your's ſincerely."

The ſhip Lady Cathcart, Captain Stuart, is arrived at Jamaica, in 53 days from London and Madeira; while the Lady Cathcart was at Madeira, the ſhip UNITED STATES, Captain Bell, from Philadelphia for Canton, in China, touched there.

ALEXANDRIA, June 24.

We are informed from the back ſettlements, that a number of robbers have been diſcovered about the Ohio, who rob the inhabitants of cattle, negroes, and any thing they can lay their hands on. Five have lately been killed, and two wounded and taken, who diſcovered their number to be about eighty-five.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 7.

The Honorable Elbridge Gerry, Francis Dana, Samuel Holten, George Partridge and Triſtram Dalton, Eſquires, are choſen to repreſent the Commonwealth of Maſſachuſetts in the Congreſs of the United States.

A London paper of April 28 ſays, "The cargoe of the Sophie "Man of war, from Liſbon, arrived in the Downs, is valued at "upwards of 400,000l. ſterling in ſpecie. She is ordered up to "Woolwich, where waggons will be ſent to bring it to town."

The above frigate ſailed from New York in January laſt, and put into Liſbon in diſtreſs. Her valuable freight was ſhipped by Merchants of that city.

Extract of a letter from captain All of the ſhip Prince of Leige, belonging to this port, containing ſome particulars of his diſtreſs and misfortune, which happened juſt after his leaving the Britiſh channel, dated Fyal, April 3.

"When I had the pleaſure of taking leave of you at Graveſend I little expected to have addreſſed you from hence, or to have met with the misfortune which has obliged me, for the preſervation of our lives, our ſhip and cargo, to take ſhelter in this iſland. The 1ſt day of March laſt I paſſed through the Downs with fine weather, and a moderate breeze of wind at N. W. I continued working down the channel with variable winds until the 4th, when I thought myſelf as low as the Lizard. At this time our ſhip was as ſtaunch and as tight as moſt ſhips. We ſtood out to ſea and continued making the beſt of our way to the weſtward with contrary, and ſometimes ſtrong gales of wind from the S. and S. W. quarters, until the 7th, when, by the roughneſs of weather, we were obliged to pump every two hours. Until the 16th and 17th we were attended with a variety of winds and weather, blowing frequently very ſtrong gales, ſo as to oblige us often to cloſe reef our top-ſails, hand them, and reef our main ſail. At midnight, between thoſe days, it blew a violent gale of wind, ſo that we were obliged to hand our main-ſail, and in two hours afterwards was ſurpriſed at finding the ſhip had ſprung a leak, ſo that both our pumps would only keep her free. In the morning, at 10 o'clock, not being able to diſcover the leak, I bore away to the ſouthward for eaſier weather, reckoning myſelf as far down to the weſtward as the Azore iſlands, and about 100 leagues N. of Fyal, which place I determined, if poſſible, to reach, not being able to carry a great deal of ſail, for fear of increaſing our danger. On the 22d we got into the road our people being conſtantly employed with exceſſive labouring at the pumps. I ſhould have told you that on the 19th, breaking up the fore peak to get at ſome porter and cheeſe to refreſh the men under fatigue, we diſcovered that a great deal of water came in at the boxes, we cut away ſome of the ceiling planks, but could do no ſervice there, it being only at the ſeams that ſhe made water in this part, the principal leak being far more conſiderable, and in ſome other place. I immediately, on my coming to anchor, went on ſhore and got a number of men to aſſiſt in pumping, the leak being ſo conſiderable as to employ ſixteen of them to keep her free. She makes ſix inches of water every two and a half minutes."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in London, to another in Baltimore, dated May 5, 1784.

"We obſerve the duties laid on in conſequence of the reſtrictions with reſpect to American veſſels to and from our Weſt-India iſlands; time will ſhow the wiſdom of the meaſure on our ſide. Miniſtry, Mr. Pitt and his friends, will meet Parliament in a very large majority, having exerted themſelves very ſucceſsfully at the laſt elections, ſo that if they mean well, the means will not be wanting. Though I incline ſtrongly to Mr. Pitt, when I compare him and Mr. Fox, I have already ſeen ſo much of Miniſters, that I can by no means anticipate any good from any. In ſpite of every effort, Mr. Fox will carry his election for Weſtminſter. Out of the 44 Corniſh Members, 38 for certain will be firm with Mr. Pitt, and though other counties do not furniſh ſuch odds in his favour, yet their numbers are greater than could be expected."

Saturday laſt John Downey and John Martin received ſentence of death, for the robbery of Mrs. Houſton and Mr. Leaming, on the 12th of May.

On Monday evening laſt, a young man going from this city to the Middle-Ferry, on Schuylkill, was ſtopped near the place where the Centre-Houſe formerly ſtood, and robbed of a new coat, by two foot pads.

At a meeting of the INHABITANTS of the county of PHILADELPHIA, on the 19th day of *June*, 1784. in conſequence of an advertiſement in the *Pennſylvania Gazette*, No. 2815.

On motion, *Reſolved*, That it is the opinion of this meeting that a ſeparation of the county from the city of Philadelphia is, at this time, abſolutely neceſſary.

Reſolved, That Mr. Jonathan Roberts, Mr. Benjamin Rittenhouſe, Col. George Smith, Col. Robert Loller, Col. William Dean, Frederick A. Muhlenberg, Eſq; Major William Armſtrong, Captain John Huſton, Mr. William Wilſon, Mr. Enoch Levering, and Mr. James Vanſant, be a Committee to take into conſideration the diviſion line, propoſed by the Honorable the General Aſſembly, between the city and county of Philadelphia, and to confer with any perſon or perſons which may be appointed for that purpoſe, by ſuch townſhips as appear deſirous to remain with the city, or that are anywiſe concerned in ſaid diviſion; and if ſaid line does appear inconvenient, then in ſuch caſe to point out one that may be thought moſt beneficial to all parties, and make report of their proceedings to the Honorable the General Aſſembly at their next ſeſſions, together with the proceedings of this meeting.

And in order that all parties concerned may be properly notified,

Reſolved, That the ſaid Committee do meet at Mr. JACOB NEFF's Tavern, near Cheſnut-Hill, on MONDAY, the ſecond of Auguſt next, at ten o'clock in the morning; a majority of whom ſhall be a quorum to proceed to buſineſs.

Publiſhed by Order of the Meeting,
ROBERT LOLLER, Chairman.

☞ The creditors of perſons attainted of high treaſon are requeſted to meet at the City Tavern, on WEDNESDAY, the 14th inſtant, at ſix o'clock in the evening, when it is propoſed to take into conſideration the meaſures proper to be purſued for the recovery of their debts.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Belfaſt (in Ireland) to his friend in this city, dated April 27.

"You ſeem to be in poſſeſſion of an idea on the Continent, that Ireland is about to *do herſelf juſtice*: It is, I now ſeriouſly think, well founded; unleſs the Britiſh abjure *in toto* their uſurped influence over the councils of this kingdom (as they have lately been obliged to do regarding our trade and legiſlation) meaſures the moſt deciſive may be expected to be adopted by the people this ſummer.—Much miſchief, 'tis certain, might be prevented had we a virtuous independent Parliament—independent I mean of Britiſh influence. But the ariſtocracy is ſtill ſo powerful, that I am pretty certain nothing ſhort of a complete revolution can accompliſh the purpoſe of the people. The reform of repreſentation is what the nation will perſevere in; the preſent Houſes of Parliament will never gratify the people by voting it, as thereby they would vote their own damnation; therefore it is that I think a revolution at no great diſtance; and take this along with you, however, that we have ſtrong ſupport in the matter of reform from powerful parties in England and Scotland, who now look to the reſult of *our* efforts as a model for *their* proceedings. —— They expect much from the eſtabliſhment of young Pitt at the helm of Britain; but fear in that particular they will be deceived, as it is a leading feature in all miniſters to ſupport their intereſt by graſping all the power poſſible. The overthrow of the damnable *coalition* however, was a capital ſtroke, and our old Governor, Lord Temple, has the ſole merit of it.

"A moſt dangerous act is paſſed a few days ago by our *den of thieves* for infringing the liberty of the Preſs; and tyrannical proſecutions are commenced againſt a ſpirited Printer in Dublin whom I ſuppoſe you know; Matt. Carey: He lately conducted the old Freeman's Journal, but quit it to print and publiſh the Volunteer's Journal.—He will be ſupported by the kingdom, as will every Printer who has ſpirit enough to reſiſt the innovating act.—I believe the bayonetting would have actually been begun, had not the Commons on the laſt reading altered the bill materially.—The city of Dublin never diſplayed half the ſpirit it has done within this month paſt, and do now think the capital will lead the kingdom, begin when we will.

"An attempt was a few days ago made to annul Mr. Cunningham's return for Carrickfergus, by a petition to the venal Houſe of C——s, but after his adverſary had ſummoned a great number of us, and paid our charges up, it was thrown aſide."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in the country to his friend in the city.

"I was very much pleaſed to ſee by the Act for raiſing money by way of lottery, printed for conſideration, that ſo much attention is paid by the Legiſlature to the improvement of the trade of the ſtate, as to have adopted a ſcheme for rendering the acceſs to the city more convenient. My pleaſure was much heightened to find at the ſame time that the accommodation of the Merchants, by *laying the foundation* of a fund for building an Exchange, was alſo an object with the Repreſentatives of the people. Theſe are promiſing preſages of a more intimate connection between the landed and trading intereſts; which I think is amongſt the moſt beneficial objects that can be attended to; and laying aſide all party contentions ought to be the purſuit of every member of the community.

"I have been informed that ſome of our principal Merchants having been conſulted by perſons anxious to render every avenue to the city more commodious, gave it as their opinion, that the part of the money intended for an Exchange might *for the preſent* be employed in rendering the river Schuylkill navigable, upon theſe conſiderations, that as very valuable coal mines have been opened on its banks, the city may be more plentifully ſupplied with fuel than hitherto it has been, and thereby furniſh the poor with that moſt neceſſary article at a lower price; and that as the half of the money to be raiſed by this lottery would of itſelf be inſufficient to purchaſe a lot and erect an exchange, and conſequently be laying inactive until a ſum adequate to the purpoſe ſhould be obtained, it would be better to employ it in a work that might be of immediate advantage to both city and country, which rendering Schuylkill navigable certainly will be.

"I conſider this conduct of the Merchants as a proof of their public ſpirit, that does them much honour, and I make no doubt the Legiſlature will view it in the ſame point of light, and grant the whole benefits of the next lottery for an Exchange. Thus ſhall we go hand in hand in forwarding the general intereſt of our country, which it behoves us to be very attentive to, that we may keep pace with our induſtrious neighbours, who are exerting themſelves in promoting every thing that may contribute to the increaſe of their trade and the commercial advantages of their States."

Thurſday evening arrived here the ſhip Pigou, Capt. Sutton, from London, with whom came Dr. JAMES HALL, of Maryland, with ſeveral other cabin and ſteerage paſſengers.

State of Pennſylvania, viz.

Receipt of continental taxes from the State of Pennſylvania (being in part of that ſtate's quota for 1782) publiſhed in purſuance of the 6th article of inſtructions from the office of finance, dated the 12th day of February, 1782.

For the month of June 1784.

		Dollars.
June 7, received of	David Rittenhouſe, Eſquire,	3390
22d, received of	ditto,	2712
	Dollars	6012

In all ſix thouſand and twelve dollars.

J. SWANWICK, receiver of continental taxes for Pennſylvania.

Philadelphia July 1, 1784.

A WET NURSE WANTED.

A WOMAN of fair Character, with a good Breaſt of Milk, may hear of a Place. Enquire of the Printers.

Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, July 6, 1784.

THE Superintendants of the Market

on Callowhill and New-Market-ſtreets, in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, hereby inform the Public, that the Market-Houſes on the aforeſaid Streets are now finiſhed, and the Market will be opened on TUESDAY, the 13th Day of JULY inſtant. That the Superintendants, together with the Clerk of the Market, will on Saturday next attend at the ſaid Market Houſes from 12 o'Clock at Noon to 6 o'Clock in the Evening, to give out Stalls to ſuch Perſons as have or ſhall apply for the ſame. The Superintendants flatter themſelves, that the flouriſhing and improving State of the Northern Liberties, eſpecially the neighbourhood of the ſaid Market, will induce their Fellow-Citizens to promote and encourage ſo neceſſary and advantageous an Inſtitution. They, on their Part, will exert the utmoſt of their Power, to keep good Order and Regulation in the ſaid Market.

By Order of the Superintendants,
DUNCAN STUART, Clerk of the Market.

N. B. Applications for Stalls or Booths, are received by George Forpaugh, David Roſe, and Peter Browne. ¶

WANTED at the Univerſity,

A TUTOR in the MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL. Any Perſon, properly qualified, will meet with encouragement, by applying to the FACULTY.

JOHN SERVICE,

Takes this method to acquaint his friends in particular, and his cuſtomers in general, that he has removed from the ſecond door below the corner of Arch and Second-ſtreets to the houſe lately occupied by Thomas Howard, Watchmaker, on the weſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite Black Horſe-Alley; where he has for SALE, on the loweſt terms for caſh or ſweet ſcented Virginia tobacco,

A large ASSORTMENT of GOODS.

[The particulars will be in our next.]

TO BE LETT,

PART of a HOUSE, conſiſting of five rooms on a floor, with ſome furniture, and the uſe of a kitchen and cellar. None but a ſmall genteel family, or a gentleman that is known, need apply. Enquire of the PRINTERS.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JESSE ZANE, merchant, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceaſed, either by bond, note or book-debt, are requeſted to call and diſcharge the ſame to the ſubſcribers; and all thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, properly atteſted, in order that they may be ſettled.

July 7. § THOMAS MARRIOT, JOHN MORRISON, } Executors.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Legiſlature of New-Jerſey are to meet at Brunſwick on the 5th day of Auguſt next, and that the ſubſcribers intend to petition the Legiſlature at ſaid meeting, to paſs a law to enable them to erect a dam and waterworks acroſs the mouth of Newton creek, to prevent the tide from flowing up the ſame: All perſons that have any objections to the paſſing ſaid law, are hereby requeſted to make their objections early in the ſitting; and thoſe who deſire to ſee the law propoſed, may have an opportunity at any time after the firſt of Auguſt next, by applying to

ISAAC BURROUGH,
WILLIAM LAWRENCE,
DAVID HENRY,
JAMES SLOAN.

Gloucester county, ſtate of New-Jerſey, July 7, 1784.

Philadelphia, July 7, 1784.

WHEREAS William Bailey, Sheriff of the county of York, hath advertiſed for ſale, by virtue of an execution from the Board of Commiſſioners of York County, a certain Tract of LAND, as the property of John Moody, in the townſhip of Warrington, in ſaid county, adjoining lands of John Wright, George Boyd and others: Now, be it known, that the Right of ſaid land is wholly inveſted in me, and John Moody has no right therein; therefore I forewarn all perſons from purchaſing the ſame. § BENJAMIN POULTNEY.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY, on the 28th of May laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in East-Nantmill townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh Servant Man, named HENRY LOGAN, about 21 years of age, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, dark complexion, black ſhort hair, very ſtrait, has remarkable ſhort thumbs; had on when he went away, tow linen ſhirt and trowſers, a blue cloth jacket, and a light coloured cloth coat, with blue ſtockings for ſleeves in it, half worn ſhoes with ſquare braſs buckles, and a half worn wool hat. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by

July 5, 1784. § WILLIAM STARRETT.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in the upper end of Stafford county in Virginia, the 4th of October 1783, a likely country born Negroe Man, named BOB; he is of a yellowiſh complexion, well made, and is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, about 28 or 30 years of age; he is a very fine cradler, and can ſaw very well at the whip ſaw, or hew, has got a ſcar on the top of his left foot, has been ſubject to run away, and is branded on the left cheek with the letter O. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe and brings him home, ſhall receive the above reward, beſides what the law allows, paid by AARON BOTTS.

May 20, 1784. §

TEN DOLLARS Reward,

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, yeſterday, an Iriſh ſervant WOMAN, named SARAH WELSH, aged about 36 years, ſays ſhe was bred in Dublin, came to this city a ſervant in the ſhip Two Friends, William Cronitch, commander, was only ſent out on buſineſs and entruſted with caſh which ſhe took with her, ſhe is of a ſwarthy complexion, dark brown hair, mixed with grey, pitted a little with the ſmall-pox, has a reſerved dark look, and a remarkable protuberance or lump on her windpipe, and moſt viſible in her when ſhe laughs, ſhe is fond of ſpirituous liquors, which ſpot or redden her face, but is not eaſily intoxicated; had on and took with her a calicoe ſhort gown ſtamped with red and white lines running through the ſame, one pea green quilted petticoat, one flannel ditto, white thread ſtockings, and black everlaſting ſhoes, pinned, check apron, and croſs barred red and white ſilk handkerchief, one kenting ditto bordered, ſeveral things belonging to her miſtreſs are miſſing, ſuppoſed to have been conveyed away by her previous to her departure; the number and quality of the articles taken by her unknown at preſent. If taken up in the bounds of the city, Four Dollars reward, if 10 miles diſtance, Six Dollars, at 30 miles diſtance, Eight Dollars, any greater diſtance, Ten Dollars, if ſecured in any goal, and all reaſonable charges, if brought home, will be paid by

¶ WILLIAM ADAMS

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN, on the 23d inſtant, from the Commons, near Hickory Lane, a dark bay HORSE, between 11 and 12 years old, about 14 hands high, ſhod all round, trots and canters, branded on the left buttock F S, his left hind foot white, has formerly had the fiſtula, and much hurt on his withers. Whoever takes up the ſaid horſe and brings him to the ſubſcriber, the corner of Coats and Second-ſtreets, ſhall have the above reward, paid by § JOHN WEAVER.

Northern Liberties, June 30, 1784.

RAN AWAY lately from his maſter, in Northampton, in the county of Burlington, New-Jerſey, a Negroe Man, named JACOB PLUMLY, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, large fore teeth, thin face, long viſage, raw boned. Had on when he went away, a brown cloth coat, corduroy jacket and breeches, and calf ſkin boots; a young white woman went with him, as is ſaid. Whoever ſhall take up the ſaid Negroe, and confine him in any goal, and give notice thereof, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS Reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

July 1, 1784. § WILLIAM MURPHIN.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Captain JOHN VICARY, late of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to make payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring them, properly proved, to

RICHARD RUNDLE, or)
SAMUEL COATS, } Executors.

c 4 w

To be SOLD by Public Vendue,

at the COFFEE-HOUSE, on THURSDAY, the 22d of July next, at 7 o'clock in the evening,

SUNDRY LOTS or PIECES of GROUND, with their Improvements, viz. One fronting on Shippen's Lane, leading out of the southernmost street of the city of Philadelphia, a small distance south-west of the Pennsylvania Hospital, containing about 9 acres, in high cultivation, has a good brick house, 2 stories high, with stables and other convenient buildings erected thereon, an orchard of choice fruit trees of various sorts, a large garden, and other valuable improvements. It is proposed, for the accommodation of purchasers, to be divided into 3 lots, agreeable to a plan which may be seen at the Coffee-House.

One other lot, being in Southwark district, upon the lower end of Third-street, on which it contains in front 36 feet, and extends round upon Plumb-street 37 feet, thereon forming the letter L. On this lot is erected a commodious stone tenement, 2 stories high, in a pleasant situation, and an improving part of the town.

One lot or piece of meadow ground, lying near Jacob Witman's tavern, in Moyamensing township, and upon Hollander's creek, joining the fast land, containing near six acres, within bank and fence.

Further particulars may be known, by applying to HENRY CHAPMAN, at Mr. Stephen Collins's, in Second-street, or

A. ST. CLAIR, and Co. Auctioneers.

Just imported in the ANNA, Captain Houston, by

JOHN & JAMES OLDDEN,

In Second-street, eight Doors below the Market,---A large and general Assortment of enamelled, blue painted, and plain

QUEENS-WARE,

Compleatly and variously assorted for the Accommodation of Country Store-keepers and others:

Together with a great Variety of the most fashionable and elegant Tea Trays, Tin in Boxes, Red Lead in Casks, Pewter, Shovels and Tongs, 10d. Nails.

Also, a general Assortment of DRY GOODS, arrived in the last Vessels from London. 6 w.

ALL those indebted to the estate of MARY LEECH, widow, deceased, late of this city, shopkeeper are desired to make payment: And all those that have any demands, to bring in their accounts to JAMES ASH, merchant of the said city, or to

BRIAN WILKINSON, Executor.

Also, All those indebted to the estate of ANTHONY WILKINSON, deceased, late of said city, stone-cutter, are desired to make payment: And all those that have any demands, to bring in their accounts proved, in order for a settlement, to

† BRIAN WILKINSON, Administrator.

Philad. June 30. 1784

DEEDS, Mortgages, Articles of Agreement, Wills, and other Instruments of Writing, drawn by ROWLAND EVANS, at his House on the East side of Fourth-street, a few Doors below Race-street, in this City, where he has lately removed from his former Residence in Providence Township, Philadelphia County.

His Friends in the City or Country who may be disposed to employ him, may be assured that he will do their business for a moderate price and with care and dispatch, according to the best of his Judgment and Abilities. † 4 w. *Philad. June 28.*

THREE DOLLARS Reward.

BROKE out of a pasture on the Commons, last Thursday morning, a black HORSE, about 15 hands high, 5 years old, a small blaze in his face, one hind foot white, saddle marks on his back, his withers rubbed with the saddle. Whoever brings him to the sign of the Conestogoe Waggon, in Market street, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by

June 26, 1784. SAMUEL NICHOLAS.

WHEREAS we the subscribers are in possession of a farm in the township of Springfield, in Bucks county, which was obtained by Philip Hesse, one of the subscribers, from Abram Funk and Henry Funk, in exchange for a certain other farm in Northampton county, and possession mutually delivered. And whereas we understand that Abram Funk is proceeding to sell the said Springfield farm, under an execution against the said Henry Funk, as the property of him the said Henry, notwithstanding the said exchange. This is therefore to notify all those who may be inclined to purchase said Springfield farm, that we are advised that we have title to the same in right of the said Philip Hesse's exchange, and that we shall defend our possession by all lawful means, against the said Abram and Henry Funk, and against all purchasers under them, or under any Sheriff's sale that may be made of said farm in virtue of the said execution, or any future execution against the said Henry Funk.

† PHILIP HESSE,
Bucks county, June 17, 1784. ISAAC FUNK,
VALENTINE OPP.

WANTED,

A WHITE SERVANT, who perfectly understands the care of HORSES, and knows how to drive; he must have an unexceptionable character. Enquire at Mrs. MACKENZIE's, the corner of Second and Union-streets. †

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Norrington township, Philadelphia county, on the 12th inst. A BAY HORSE, with a bald face, a natural trotter, about 14 hands high. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

June 26, 1784. ¶ JOHN SHANNON.

Easton, Northampton county, June 24, 1784.

WAS committed to the goal of this county, on the 17th inst. a certain JOHN SHEARS, about 23 years of age, about 5 feet 2 inches high, fair complexion, and sandy coloured hair, says he is servant to one Mr. Brindley, at the canal on Susquehanna river, and that he lived with him about one month, and left his service about a week before he was committed. His master, if any he has, is requested to come, pay charges, and take him away within six weeks, otherwise he will be discharged on paying his fees. ¶ PETER EALER, Goaler.

BROKE into the pasture of the subscriber, in Ridley township, Chester county, on the night of the 8th instant, a bay HORSE, near 15 hands high, with a star and snip, has two white feet, is shod all round, and appears to be a working horse. The owner, by proving his property and paying charges, may have him again. *June 22* CHARLES SANKEY. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE LOT of GROUND, situated in the district of Southwark, between the Blue Bell and Fountain inns, and now in possession of William Welsh, containing 16 feet and an half front, fronting Front-street, and 140 feet deep, running towards Water-street. An indisputable title will be given, by applying to THOMAS CARRELL, in Second-street, six doors below Race-street, Philadelphia. ¶

Pilesgrove, June 21, 1784.

FOR SALE,

PURSUANT to the last Will and Testament of William Shute, Esquire, late of the Township of Pilesgrove, county of Salem, and State of New-Jersey, deceased, that Valuable PLANTATION, on which he lived; containing upwards of 260 acres, of which 160 are cleared, some part meadow, and more may be made, the remaining part good woodland and Swamp.

There are on the said Plantation, a framed Dwelling-house two stories high, two rooms on each floor, with a cellar under the whole, and a brick kitchen adjoining, a milk-house over a never-failing spring of water, and a large apple orchard.

The situation of this place renders it very advantageous for farming, raising of stock, or carrying on any public business, as there is one or more springs in each field, which do not fail in the driest season; and is not three miles distant from a Presbyterian, Anabaptist and Friends Meeting-houses, and within one mile of a grist, saw and fulling mills.

Any person inclining to purchase may know the terms, which will be very easy, by applying to the subscribers, on the premises.

SAMUEL M. SHUTE,)
ENOCH SHUTE,) Executors.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away in the night of the 7th of June inst. from the subscriber, living in Cape-May county, and state of New-Jersey, a Negroe Man Slave, and a white apprentice Lad. The Negroe, named NERO, 32 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high pretty lusty and well set, bold and subtile, has large eyes, a flatish nose, and a trembling in his hands when he does any thing that requires steadiness; had on a new grey homespun jacket of fulled cloth, made sailor fashion without skirts, but round close cuffs, and carved pewter buttons; new thickset trowsers, the same of the jacket, an old castor hat, and a pair of large thick shoes much worn; also took with him two checked flannel shirts, one streaked on the back and sleeves, a good grey great coat, with flat metal buttons down before, a lightish coloured fustian coatee, two jackets without sleeves, one of them the fore bodies clouded with yellow, blue and different colours, the other a striped silk and cotton of different colours, a black and white striped flannel jacket, two homespun tow shirts, a fine ditto, a new castor hat, a pair of black grain shoes, a pair of silver buckles with brass anchors and tongues, and sundry other wearing apparel. The apprentice named AARON HAND, 17 years of age, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, slender built, brown complexion, pretty large black eyes and black strait hair; had on a new grey homespun jacket and trowsers made of thick cloth, the jacket cut sailor fashion, with flat metal buttons, homespun linen shirt, felt hat, old shoes, and square silver buckles, with round rims and brass anchors and tongues; had also sundry wearing apparel with him. As they had a boat, it is likely they would try to get on board some outward bound vessel, or go over into Delaware state, and endeavour to push for the new country, as it is thought the Negroe has a sham pass, and will endeavour to pass as free; it is also expected that one or both of them will change their names, especially the Negroe. Whoever takes up and secures said Negroe and apprentice, so as their master may get them again (or the Negroe only, in case the lad cannot be found) shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

JONATHAN HAND.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forewarned not to carry them off. *June 10* 1784. ¶

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Salisbury township, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, the 6th instant, a negroe Fellow, named BILL, 5 feet 4 inches high, and about 27 years of age, with a small speck on one of his eyes, and the nails of his big toes have been hurt by the frost; had on when he went away, a new wool hat, and wore it sometimes cocked, a striped coatee, of coperas and white, an old linen shirt about half worn, a pair coarse trowsers almost new, and a pair of old shoes: He can play the violin and fife, and is more conceited than good at either of them. Whoever takes up said Negroe fellow and secures him in any goal, so as his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

June 11, 1784. § ADAM GALT.

ABOUT two years since, ELIZABETH SLOAN, wife of the subscriber, put a sum of money into the hands of one of her friends, and her sudden death, on the 31st of May last, prevented her from communicating the name to me. The person that hath said money in keeping, is requested to deliver it to the subscriber, to prevent further trouble.

June 26, 1784. JAMES SLOAN, News hawker.

Cumberland county, June 8, 1784.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale in the borough of Carlisle, on Tuesday the 20th of July next, the following tracts or parcels of LAND, viz.

About 335 acres, whereon are two Messuages or Tenements, a large bearing orchard of apple trees, about 12 acres of mowable meadow, and much more may be made, about 150 acres of upland cleared. The whole of a good quality, situate in Middleton township, about 4 miles from Carlisle; Yellow-breeches creek runs through this tract.

200 acres with a log Messuage and Barn, and 40 acres clear, the rest well timbered and good limestone land; situate about 2 miles from Carlisle, in said township.

81 acres, within 1 mile of Carlisle, 30 acres adjoining the out lots, and 10 acres adjoining to the commons of said borough; the whole late the property of James Davis.

Also, one tract of about 161½ acres, situate on the north side of Juniata river, in Fermanaugh township, bounded by lands of John Tennis and others, whereon is erected, a grist-mill on a constant stream of water and in a good neighbourhood for custom; late the property of Michael Holman.

Also one tract of about 200 acres of land, with a Dwelling house, Barn, Grist-Mill and Saw-Mill, thereon, situate on Brightfield's run, a never failing stream, about 5 miles above the mouth of Kishacoquilis creek, the premises now in the possession of William Smith; seized and taken in execution as the property of Benjamin Jacobs, deceased.

And by virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Sale, one other tract or parcel of land, with valuable improvements thereon, bounded by lands formerly of Andrew Miller, by lands late of Robert Roseberry, deceased, and lands of John Williams; situate in Alien township, late the property of Alexander Hamilton.

The whole of the above LANDS seized and taken in execution and to be SOLD by

SAMUEL POSTLETHWAIT, Sheriff.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living on Chestnut hill, on the 30th of May last, a small brindle COW, with some white spots. Whoever has lost the same, is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

Chestnut-hill, June 17, 1784. ¶ MATTHIAS BUSH.

PEEL HALL,

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

At the COFFEE-HOUSE, on THURSDAY, the 15th July next, between the Hours of 11 and 1 o'Clock,

FORTY-EIGHT Acres of rich LAND, including PEEL HALL and the neighbouring Grounds; this Land is divided into Lots from six to eight Acres, which will be sold separately. A convenient road leads to each, communicating with the main road. This Tract is situate about two Miles from the Court-House, in the City of Philadelphia, and is well known for its pleasant and healthy Situation, and the Fertility of the Soil. For further Particulars apply to Mr. JOHN FIELD, in Chesnut-street, or to Mr. RICHARD WELLS, in Front street.

Plans of the above Lots, as divided, may be seen at the Coffee-House, and the two Places above mentioned.

Phila. June 18. ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

The two following TRACTS of LAND, lying in Lower Merion township, Philadelpia county, about 9 miles from the city, and half a mile from the Lancaster road.

No. 1. CONTAINING 130 acres, about 40 of wood land, ten acres of meadow, the greater part of which is watered, a dwelling-house, a spring-house over a good spring, a fine stream of water running near the door, a barn, stables, &c. with a good garden, and a variety of fruit trees thereon.

No. 2. Adjoining the above, containing 50 acres, about 12 of woodland, 3 acres meadow, a small log tenement and barn thereon, and a garden, with sundry fruit trees. For terms, apply to James Jones, jun. Blockley, John Jones, Gulph mill, or the subscribers.

NATHAN JONES,
NORRIS JONES.

MYER, HART & SMITH,

Are opening for SALE, at their COMMISSION-STORE, in Third, between Arch and Market-streets, nearly opposite the Bunch of Grapes,----The following ARTICLES, which they will dispose of on the lowest terms for cash, final settlement notes, or public securities of any kind.

IRISH LINENS,	A variety of figured ribbands,
Cambricks and lawns,	8d. double and other hair ditto,
Warrendorps	Broad and narrow bindings,
Padisbourn,	Pins, by the packet,
Yard wide & yd 3-8ths checks,	Dressed buckskins,
India lutestrings,	Buckskin breeches,
Taffeties,	An assortment of knives and forks,
Iodia and other chintzes,	Cutteau and other knives,
Calicoes,	Scissars,
Durants,	Plated shoe and knee-buckles,
Callimancoes,	French wine in bottles,
Printed linen and cotton handkerchiefs,	Jamaica Spirits,
Gauze ditto,	Muscovado sugar,
Thread and cotton mens and womens hose,	Long Dutch pipes,
	Gunpowder, &c. &c.

Philadelphia, June 12, 1784. ¶

To be SOLD at private SALE,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in West Caln township, Chester county containing 130 acres with the usual allowance; whereon is erected a good dwelling-house, containing two rooms and a kitchen on the first floor, also a barn, stable and cow-house. There is on said plantation 250 apple trees all bearing fruit, with a good many peach trees. A spring of good water very convenient to the dwelling house; with a spring-house: And a meadow of about 18 acres mostly watered, and more may be made. There are about 70 acres of cleared land. The woodland is well timbered, and there would be a sufficiency of wood though another field was cleared. The title is indisputable. The crop in the ground is to be reserved on the sale. For further particulars enquire of JAMES CONCHEY, shopkeeper, opposite the Blue Bell, in Front-street, or of the subscriber living on the premises.

June 9th, 1784. § WILLIAM MOOR.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Hatfield township, Philadelphia county, on Saturday, the 29th instant, two stray milch COWS, the one a black, with some white; the other red, with some white, both of a midling size, full in flesh. The owner or owners are desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

May 31, 1784. § MICHAEL MOYER.

Lower Merion township, Philadelphia county, June 19, 1784.

CAME to the subscriber's plantation, the 10th of this instant, a black MARE, about 13 hands and an half high, branded on the near shoulder with the letter R, and on the near buttock with the letter D. The owner is requested to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

¶ JESSE THOMAS.

WAS stolen out of the house of the subscriber, living in Warwick township, Bucks county, A Number of CALF-SKINS, among them were several very large black wax ditto. Any person or persons apprehending said thief or thieves, so that they may be brought to justice, and duly convicted thereof, shall have THREE POUNDS Reward, and *Five Shillings* a piece for the skins. It is likely that they have been sold before now, as it is some time since they were a missing, or at least will be offered for sale. HUGH RAMSEY.

WAS FOUND, in the lumber yard belonging to JONES, CLARK and CRESSON, a NOTE OF HAND, signed by Robert Morris, in favor of John Pierce or Bearer, for a certain number of Dollars. Whoever has lost said note, on proving their property, and paying the charge of this advertisement, may have it, by applying to said Company. ¶

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED away, out of the inclosure of the subscriber, on the evening of the 24th of May last, a brown HORSE, 14 hands high, has a star in his forehead, one of his hind feet white, canters, trots and paces, about 9 years old. A black MARE and black COLT, the latter four weeks old, the former six years old, about 14 hands and an half high, a natural pacer. Any person or persons securing, and bringing them to the subscriber, living in Warminster township, Bucks county, or to John Barns, in Whitpain township, Philadelphia county, shall be entitled to the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

June 11, 1784. ¶ WILLIAM BARNS.

SMOAK and WIND-UP JACKS,

made and carefully repaired, Kitchen Ranges with Wind-up Cheeks, and Draw-out Spit-Racks, Bells neatly hung, and Spring-curtains, Iron chests and Cupboards, made by C. CECIL, from London, three doors above Market-street, in Front-street.

N. B. WANTED, a JOURNEYMAN, that understands working at the above business; and also an APPRENTICE. ¶ 7/6 c t f. *June 2, 1784.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.